## 令和 4 年度入学者選抜学力検査本試験問題

## 英語

(配 点) 1 10点 2 15点 3 24点 4 15点 5 15点 6 21点

## (注意事項)

- 1 問題冊子は指示があるまで開かないこと。
- 2 問題冊子は1ページから8ページまである。検査開始の合図のあとで確かめること。
- 3 検査中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明,ページの落丁·乱丁及び解答用紙の汚れ等に気づいた場合は, 静かに手を高く挙げて監督者に知らせること。
- 4 解答用紙に氏名と受験番号を記入し、受験番号と一致したマーク部分を塗りつぶすこと。<u>受験</u>番号が「0(ゼロ)」から始まる場合は、0(ゼロ)を塗りつぶすこと。
- 5 解答には、必ず**HBの黒鉛筆**を使用すること。なお、解答用紙に必要事項が正しく記入されていない場合、または解答用紙に記載してある「マーク部分塗りつぶしの見本」のとおりにマーク部分が塗りつぶされていない場合は、解答が無効になることがある。
- 6 一つの解答欄に対して複数のマーク部分を塗りつぶしている場合, または指定された解答欄以 外のマーク部分を塗りつぶしている場合は、有効な解答にはならない。
- 7 解答を訂正するときは、きれいに消して、消しくずを残さないこと。

1	] <i>y</i>	での各組の英文が <u>ほぼ同じ内容となるような</u> ( A )と ( B )に入る語(句)の最も適
		a組み合わせを,それぞれア〜エの中から一つずつ選びなさい。
	1.	The news ( A ) me sad.  I felt sad ( B ) the news.
		$\mathcal{P}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \ \text{gave} \\ (B) \ \text{because} \end{array} \right.$ $\mathcal{T}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \ \text{gave} \\ (B) \ \text{because} \end{array} \right.$ $\mathcal{T}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \ \text{made} \\ (B) \ \text{because} \end{array} \right.$ $\mathcal{T}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \ \text{made} \\ (B) \ \text{because} \end{array} \right.$
	2.	Which bus should I ( A ) to go to the stadium? Which bus ( B ) to the stadium?
		$\mathcal{P}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \ \text{come} \\ (B) \ \text{stops} \end{array} \right.$ $\mathcal{T}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \ \text{go} \\ (B) \ \text{rides} \end{array} \right.$ $\mathcal{T}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \ \text{like} \\ (B) \ \text{goes} \end{array} \right.$ $\mathcal{T}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \ \text{like} \\ (B) \ \text{takes} \end{array} \right.$
	3.	( A ) I send the message for you?  Do you ( B ) me to send the message for you?
		$\mathcal{P}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) & Did \\ (B) & stand \end{array} \right.$
	4.	She didn't say goodbye when she ( A ) out of the room.  She left the room ( B ) saying goodbye.
		$\mathcal{P}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \text{ went} \\ (B) \text{ with} \end{array} \right.$ $\mathcal{T}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \text{ went} \\ (B) \text{ without} \end{array} \right.$ $\mathcal{T}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \text{ goes} \\ (B) \text{ without} \end{array} \right.$ $\mathcal{T}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) \text{ goes} \\ (B) \text{ without} \end{array} \right.$
	5.	My mother can't go out with me now. I wish she ( A ) a headache. I can't go out with my mother now because she ( B ) a headache.
		$\mathcal{P}$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) & \text{didn't have} \\ (B) & \text{has} \end{array} \right.$ $\uparrow \left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) & \text{have} \\ (B) & \text{didn't have} \end{array} \right.$ $\downarrow \left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) & \text{have} \\ (B) & \text{didn't have} \end{array} \right.$ $\downarrow \left\{ egin{array}{ll} (A) & \text{have} \\ (B) & \text{had} \end{array} \right.$

2			$1\sim5$ の会話文について,場面や状況を考え,(	) 12	入る最も適切なものを,それぞ
	れ	ア〜こ	Σの中から一つずつ選びなさい。		
	1.	B: A:	What is the phone number of Jim's office? It is 042-XXX-YYYY. I'm sorry. ( ) Yes, it's 042-XXX-YYYY.		
		ア ウ	Can you say that again, please? How can I help you?		Who is speaking? Will he call here again?
	2.	B: A:	How was your vacation? It was great. I had a wonderful time.  ( ) No, on Wednesday. I stayed there for a week.		
		アウ	Do you want to go to the same place again? Did you come back on the weekend?	イエ	
	3.	B: A: B:	Would you like to play tennis with me after school Sorry, I can't. I have to do my homework today. Well, how about tomorrow?  ( )  Great! Shall we meet tomorrow at four o'clock?	today	y?
		アウ	I don't have time tomorrow. We can go today.	イエ	That will be OK. That was fun.
	4.	B:	OK, class. The next question is very difficult. Do y I think the answer is 21. ( ) Yes, the answer is 21. You are doing well.	ou k	now the answer, Taro?
		アウ	How about finding something to do? How can you know it?	イエ	This is for you. Is that right?
	5.	B: A:	What are you looking for? The book I bought yesterday. I think I put it on m There are so many things on your desk. ( Yes, I will. However, I want to find the book before	-	)
		アウ	Why don't you clean your desk first? Who wrote the book?	イエ	Where did you find the book? What color is the book?

## 3 次の英文を良く読み、後の問題に答えなさい。

Clothes are very important for everybody, especially for young people. However, have you ever really thought why people <sub>T</sub> wear clothes? Here are four reasons for wearing clothes.

The first reason is to cover our bodies. People of different times and places have different ideas about clothes. If you  $\frac{1}{2}$  ask people from different countries how (1) of your body you should cover, you'll  $\frac{1}{2}$  get different answers. In some parts of Asia and Africa, women cover their faces. For a long time, people in China thought (2) their feet was wrong, and people in Europe didn't  $\frac{1}{2}$  show any part of their legs in the past.

The next reason is to  $\frac{1}{4}$  protect our ( 3 ). Clothes protect us from heat and cold, snow and rain. Heavy clothes and boots protect people who work outside from sharp stones and dangerous animals. Other people wear thick gloves and hard hats to protect themselves ( 4 ) they are using machines.

The third reason for wearing clothes is convenience. You can carry things with you in your pockets. Many centuries ago, everybody carried a bag or something to (5) food, money, and other useful things. Today, most clothes have pockets. Some suits have more than ten.

The last, and perhaps the most important reason for wearing clothes is vanity. People want to  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} +$ 

thick gloves 厚い手袋 machine 機械 suit(s) スーツ perhaps たい vanity 虚栄心 individuality 個性 tie ネクタイ	(注)	times 時代	heat and cold 暑さと寒さ	boots ブーツ	sharp とがった
vanity 虚栄心 individuality 個性 tie ネクタイ		thick gloves 厚い手袋	machine 機械	suit(s) スーツ	perhaps たぶん
		vanity 虚栄心	individuality 個性	tie ネクタイ	

問1 本文中の( 1 )~( 6 )に入る適切な語(句)を, ア〜エの中から一つずつ選びなさい。

(	1	)	ア	many	1	much	ウ	short	エ	tall
(	2	)	ア	be showing	1	show	ウ	showed	エ	showing
(	3	)	ア	bodies	1	medicines	ウ	uniforms	エ	zoos
(	4	)	ア	become	1	body	ウ	while	エ	will
(	5	)	ア	break	1	follow	ウ	hold	エ	look
(	6	)	ア	at	1	from	ゥ	of	エ	thing

- 問2 次の(1)と(2)につき、それぞれと同じような意味で使われている語を本文中の下線部 $P\sim D$ から一つずつ選びなさい。
  - (1) to put a question to someone
  - (2) to receive

- 4 次の1~5の会話文の( )内の語(句)を並べ替え、それぞれの文を完成させなさい。なお、解答は ( )内において3番目と5番目にくるものの記号を選びなさい。また、文頭にくるべき語の最初の文字も小文字で書かれています。
  - 1. A: Hiroshi, look at that girl over there. Who is she? She wasn't at the last meeting.
    - B: Are you (アabout 1 is ウtalking エthe girl オ wearing カ who) the red jacket?
    - A: That's right. I never saw her before.
  - 2. A: Could (ア how イ me ウ show エ to オ use カ you ) this new computer?
    - B: Sure. What do you want to do?
    - A: I want to read a story on the Internet.
  - 3. A: Tom is not here today. What happened to him?
    - B: (ア country イ has ウ he エ his オ returned カ to ). We had a party for him last week.
    - A: Really? I didn't know that.
  - 4. A: My school band will have a concert next month. I'm going to play the drums.
    - B: Wow! I'd love to go. Will your grandparents come?
    - A: Yes, they ( $\mathcal{P}$  are  $\mathbf{1}$  concert  $\mathbf{1}$  forward  $\mathbf{1}$  looking  $\mathbf{1}$  my  $\mathbf{1}$  to).
  - 5. A: I'm not sure what book I should choose for my book report.
    - B: It's (アa イabout ウbook エeasy オto カwrite) you have already read.
    - A: That's true. I just read a book about Japanese castles.

5 カロリー(calorie)と活動(activity)について書かれた次の英文と表を良く読み、後の問題 に答えなさい。なお、それぞれの活動とカロリー消費は比例関係にあるとします。また、計算等 を行う場合は、この問題のページの余白で行うこと。

John is a junior high school student. Ken and Tom are his brothers. Mary and Nancy are his sisters. One day, John learned about the calories in food and how many calories are burned by walking, riding a bike, playing tennis, and jogging. John collected some information about their activities.

Ken is an elementary school student. He walks to school every day. It is 1.5 kilometers from his home to school. However, he visited Jim's house before going to school today because Ken forgot his notebook at Jim's house yesterday. So Ken walked 900 meters more to go to school today.

John is a member of the tennis club at his school. He likes playing tennis very much. Today he played tennis for two hours after jogging for thirty minutes.

Mary is a high school student. She rides her bike three kilometers each day to go to school. She loves to talk with her friends. She went to a new cafeteria with her friend Kate after school today. Mary ate one piece of cake and talked with Kate about their favorite singers.

Nancy's university is five kilometers from her home and she always goes there by bike. This morning, she had two slices of buttered bread and 0.2 liters of milk before she left her home on her bike.

Tom likes to ride his bike. He sometimes rides his bike about two kilometers after school. However, the weather was so nice today that he rode his bike six kilometers in total.

表 1

The energy in diffe	erent foods
1 piece of cake	250 kcal
1 slice of buttered bread	100 kcal
0. 2 liters of milk	120 kcal

表 2

Four ways to burn 100 kcal
Walking 2 kilometers
Riding a bike 4 kilometers
Playing tennis for 15 minutes
Jogging for 20 minutes

(注) burn 消費するbuttered バターを塗ったin total 合計で

jog ジョギングする liter リットル kcal キロカロリー a slice of ~ ~の薄切り 1 枚

問1	本文と	表から考えて,	次の(1)~	(3) の英文	の (	)に入る適切	なもの	をア〜エの中か
	らそれそ	゛れ一つずつ選び	なさい。					
	(1) The	e calories which			school t	oday and the	calorie	s from drinking
	(	) liters of m	nilk are the san	ne.				
	ア	0. 1	イ 0.2	ウ	0. 3	エ	0. 4	
		ry has to jog for lay.	- ( ) mir	nutes to burn	all the	energy that w	as in t	he cake she ate
	ア	20	イ 30	ウ	40	エ	50	
		nen Nancy arrive			orning, s	he still had (	)	kcal of energy
	ア	195	イ 205	ウ	215	ェ	225	
	切なもの found that	E文は、この調査 をア〜エの中か at the calories w ) were the san	らそれぞれーコ	oずつ選びな by playing te	さい。 ennis for	two hours to	day an	d the calories
by	y jogging	for thirty minute	es and the calori	ies ( 2 ) w	vere the	same.		
	(1) ア イ ウ エ	having two pie having two pie having two pie having three pi	ces of cake and	d three slices	of butte	ered bread		
	(2)ァ	Ken burned by	walking to scl	hool this mor	ning			
	1	Mary burned b	y going to sch	ool by bike t	his morr	ning		
	ウ	Nancy burned	by going to un	iversity by b	ike this	morning		
	I	Tom burned by	y riding his bik	e today				

大豆(soybean)を主な原料として作られる大豆肉(soy meat)について書かれた次の英文を良く読み、後の問題に答えなさい。	
Have you ever heard of "soy meat"? It is meat made from soybeans. The "meat" 1 ,	
and you can buy it in Japan, too.	
More people are eating soy meat these days for several reasons. First, soybeans are good for	
your health. For example, soybeans have a lot of protein and vitamin E. 2, and they	
want to eat food that is good for their bodies.	
Second, more people are eating animal meat around the world. 3. Some people are	
worried that they won't be able to eat animal meat in the future, and they are trying to eat more	
soy meat and less animal meat.	
Some people don't eat animal meat for other reasons. Farmers do not need a lot of resources	
to grow soybeans. However, we need a lot of grain and water to raise animals for meat.	
4 like global warming.	
A few people don't eat animal meat because they feel sorry for animals. They never eat animal	
meat, but they usually have good health. 5. For example, these people try to get enough	
protein by eating many kinds of food each day.	
In Japan, some companies realized these facts and they are trying to develop better soy meat.	
However, there are still many problems in developing their products. Soybeans come from plants	
and it is not easy for them to make soy meat taste like animal meat. As a result of their hard	
work, the taste is getting better every year.	
We Japanese have used soybeans for centuries, and they are called "meat from the fields." We often	
eat tofu, and it is made from soybeans, just like soy meat. If you find a soy meat hamburger in a	
restaurant, please try it and think about the future of the world.	
(注)protein タンパク質 vitamin E ビタミンE less より少ない	
grain 穀物 raise 育てる global warming 地球温暖化	
feel sorry for ~~をかわいそうに思う taste 味がする,味	
tofu 豆腐 meat from the fields 畑の肉	

	ア	was animal meat eaten in America in the 20th century
	1	that you cannot buy in Europe is fish
	ウ	is now becoming popular in Europe and the U.S.
問 2	オ ア イ ウ	文中の 2 に入る最も適切なものを次のア〜ウの中から一つ選びなさい。 Some people are more interested in their health Some food companies are selling many kinds of animal meat There are many people who aren't careful about their health at all
問 3	本 ア イ ウ	文中の 3 に入る最も適切なものを次のア〜ウの中から一つ選びなさい。 There are less people in the world now than there were 10 years ago The fact is that nobody is eating animal meat these days Maybe there will not be enough animal meat for everyone someday
問 4	本 ア イ ウ	文中の 4 に入る最も適切なものを次のア〜ウの中から一つ選びなさい。 Most animals like warm weather This may increase the danger of other serious problems We must make houses for animals
問 5	オ ア イ ウ	文中の 5 に入る最も適切なものを次のア〜ウの中から一つ選びなさい。 Most animals need soybeans to grow well They are very careful about their food We can't live without eating animal meat
問 6	本 ア イ ウ	文中の下線部 <u>them</u> の内容を次のア〜ウの中から一つ選びなさい。 companies that are developing soy meat animals that eat grain farmers who raise animals for meat
問 7		マのア〜ウは本文を読んで生徒が述べた意見です。 <u>最も適切に内容を理解して述べられたもの</u> 一つ選びなさい。
	ア	I was very surprised to read the story. I like tofu very much, and eat it almost every day.

1 に入る最も適切なものを次のア〜ウの中から一つ選びなさい。

問1 本文中の

believe that companies will develop better soy meat in the future.

I'm afraid that we will not be able to eat tofu next year. I am going to eat less tofu.

1 It was a very interesting story. I love animals very much. So I want to keep many animals

ウ I had a soy meat hamburger a few months ago. Actually, the taste was not so bad. I

in my home in the future.

(このページ以降は余白です。)